

GUIDE FOR PREVENTABLE OR NONPREVENTABLE ACCIDENTS

An accident is preventable if the driver could have done something to avoid it. Drivers are expected to drive defensively. Which driver was primarily at fault, who received a traffic citation, or whether a claim was paid has absolutely no bearing on preventability. If there was anything the driver could have done to avoid the collision, then the accident was preventable.

An accident is nonpreventable when the vehicle was legally and properly parked, or when properly stopped because of a law enforcement officer, a signal, stop sign, or traffic condition.

If a stationary object is struck, then it is usually a preventable incident. If the driver rearends another vehicle then it is usually a preventable incident. It should be noted there are exceptions to any rule, but they are just that - exceptions!

It should be the objective of any person discussing or judging accidents to obtain as many facts as possible and to consider all conceivable conditions. Adverse weather conditions, actions of other drivers, or other such excuses must not influence the judgment of preventability. If procedures, scheduling, dispatching, or maintenance procedures out of the control of the driver were found to be factors, that should be taken into account. The company must take responsibility for the work environment and recognize that drivers cannot control some aspects. It is critical that drivers have the ability to refuse to operate an unsafe vehicle without reprisal from management.

Professional drivers are expected to drive in a manner which allows them to avoid conflicts when they arise. Whether a driver has a 25-year safe driving record, or started driving the day before has no bearing on whether an accident is or is not preventable. Taking a fair attitude does not mean leniency. If an accident is judged nonpreventable and the drivers know the accident could have been avoided, they will lose respect for the safety program.